



And you thought you were up on all of this

PLOS – San Francisco 15 October 2018

Slides available:

https://www.repository.cam.ac.uk/handle/1810/283634

Dr Danny Kingsley

Deputy Director, Scholarly Communication & Research Services

Cambridge University Libraries

@dannykay68



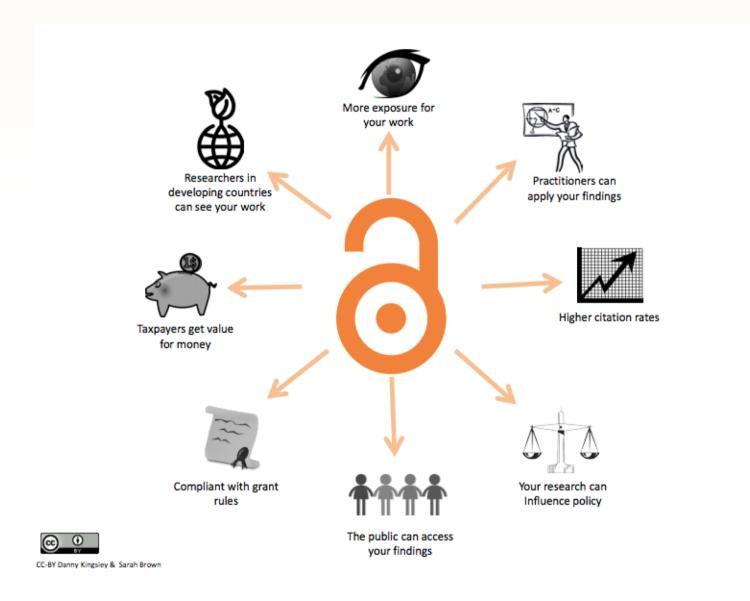
Strap yourselves in!

- Starting with some history
- What is the current state of open access?
- What about the bigger landscape
- Consider the political situation
- The new open narrative
- The challenges of implementing Open Research





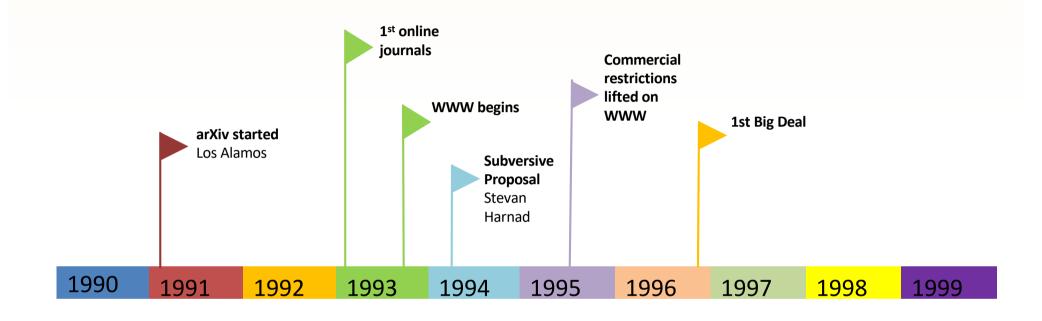
This is what is used to be about







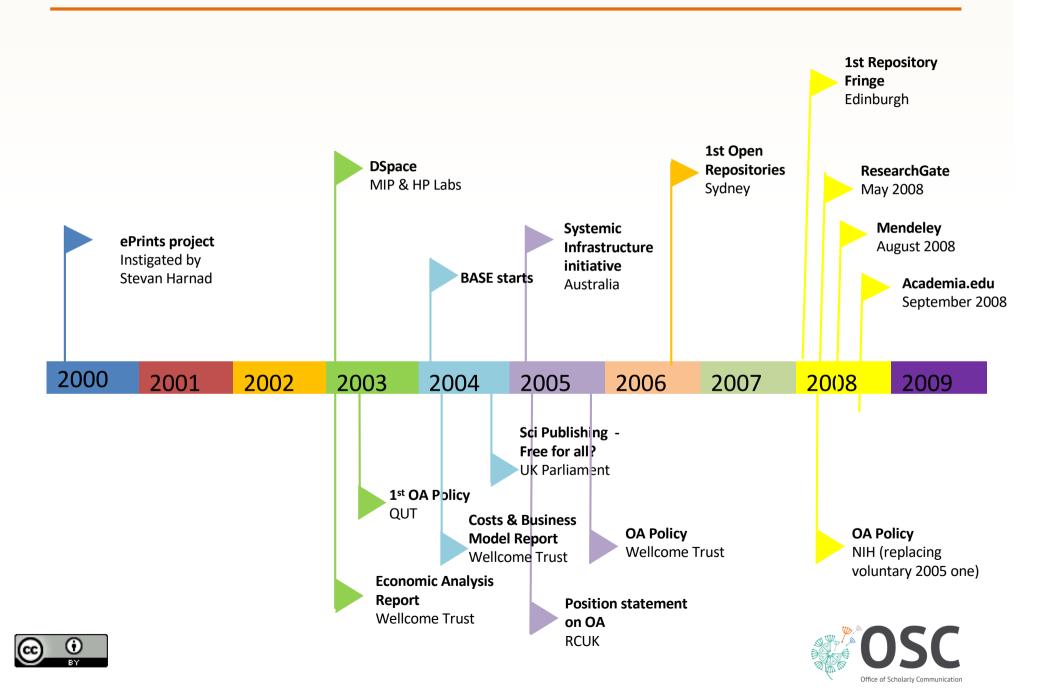
It begins



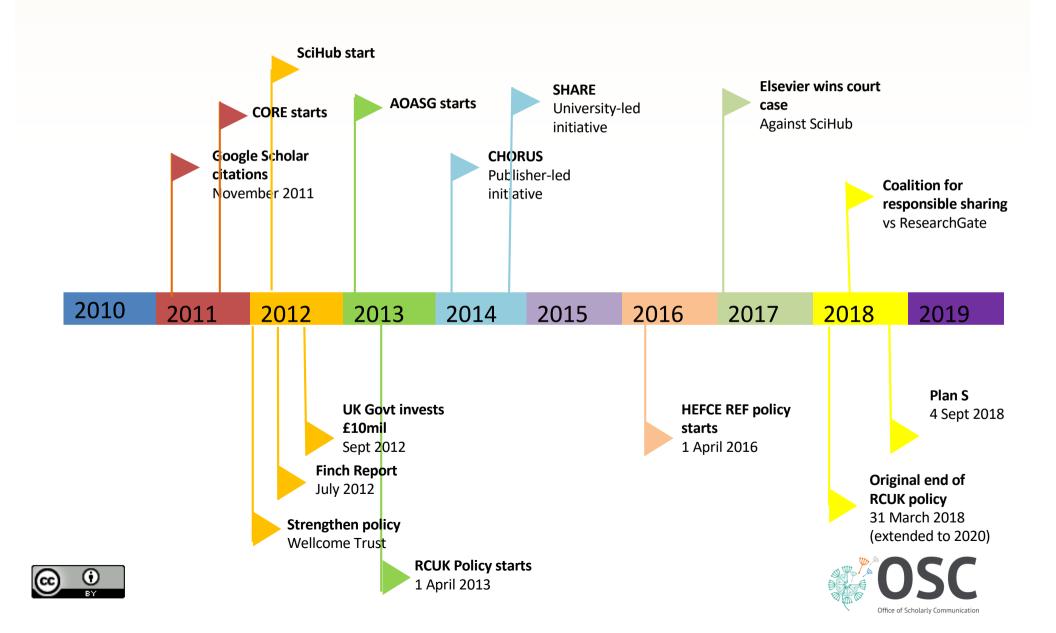




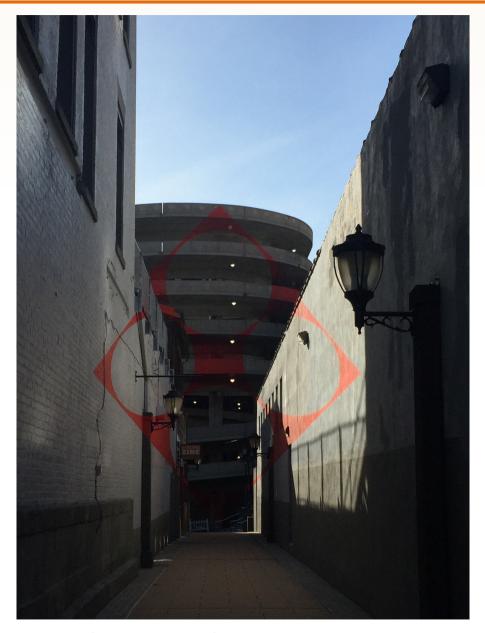
The noughties



The teens



The current state of open access





Things are lining up







Who does this threaten?



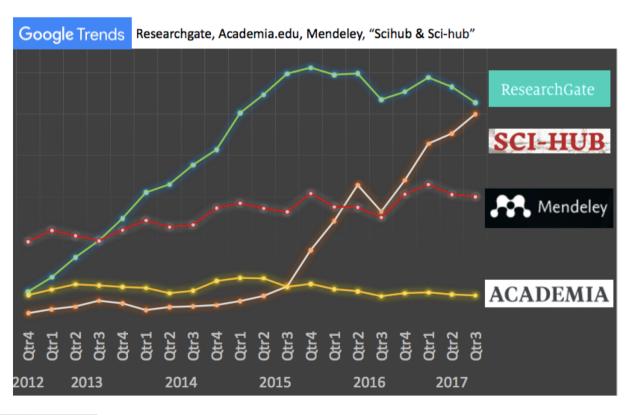
John Bohannon, "Who's downloading pirated papers? Everyone", Science, Apr. 28, 2016 http://www.sciencemag.org/news/2016/04/whos-downloading-pirated-papers-everyone





Publishers are very concerned

Researcher uptake of 3 SCN platforms (and a fourth platform)





https://www.stm-

assoc.org/2017 10 10 Frankfurt Conference Wouter Haak STM Presentation.pdf





Some perspective

UK Online postings by location Global Online postings by location 100% 100% 7.2% 5.8% 11.0% 9.3% 90% 90% 20.9% 19.7% 23.2% 80% 26.9% 80% 70% 70% of postings 44.1% 55.1% 60% 60% Other 50% 50% Social Sharing Network 56.6% 48.2% 45.1% 66.0% 40% 40% ■ Subject Repository 31.0% 30% 30% Institutional Repository 17.5% 20% 20% 6.8% 3.6% ■ Academic 7.9% 4.0% 10% 4.8% 6.9% 10% 17.2% 16.1% 10.9% 0% 0% VoR AAM PP VoR MAA PP Article version Article version

Figure 9. Location of online postings (including illicit postings)

Monitoring the Transition to Open Access 2015

https://www.acu.ac.uk/research-information-network/monitoring-transition-to-open-access





Fighting back

- October 2017, Elsevier and the American Chemical Society filed a lawsuit in Germany against ResearchGate, alleging copyright infringement on a mass scale.
- November 2017, ResearchGate restricted access to 1.7 million papers on their site.
- April 2018 the court case began in Germany with the intention to: "establish clarity on the legal responsibility of ResearchGate regarding copyright infringements".
- October 2018 Elsevier and ACS instigate proceedings in US



"The Coalition for Responsible Sharing aims to prevent the illicit hosting of millions of subscription articles on the commercial ResearchGate site"

http://www.responsiblesharing.org/



Damages?



https://www.nature.com/news/us-court-grants-elsevier-millions-in-damages-from-sci-hub-1.22196



Advice from VSNU

12 March 2018, the Dutch consortium VSNU announced that "Dutch universities and Royal Society of Chemistry Publishing (RSC) have been unable to reach a new agreement on access to scientific journals".

HOW TO GET THE PDF?

Alternatives to the publisher version of full-text journal articles

12 SCI-HUB

If all else fails, you may be tempted to use Sci-Hub. Do realize, however, that in many countries, including The Netherlands, the use of Sci-Hub is considered as an illegal act, as it involves content protected by copyright laws and licensing contracts.









Let's take a look at the wider landscape



2018



(

Home > All Solutions > Mendeley Data platfo... > For institutions

New in 2018 Mendeley Data: comprehensive research data management for institutions

Data management is about more than just compliance: there are clear benefits to be derived from effective solutions. These include:

- Improved quantity and quality of research output
 The pace of research increases and the credibility of papers improves when the underlying research data are made available for evaluation.
- Increased research exposure and impact
 When research data is readily available, article exposure and impact both increase, leading to more views, shares, mentions and citations.
- Increased collaboration

 Shared data is an excellent starting point for further collaboration, as researchers can more easily see how

https://www.elsevier.com/solutions/mendeley-data-platform/for-institutions

SPRINGER NATURE

Q Search

EN ∨

= Authors



Research Data Support

Submitting to Research Data Support

Who can use Research Data Support

Pricing for Research Data Support

Benefits of Research Data Support

Help & FAQs

Research Data Policies

Data policy types

Data availability statements

Research Data Support

Organise and share your data faster

Research Data Support is an optional Springer Nature service available to researchers who have datasets they want to make easier to cite, share and find.







Help & FAQs

https://www.springernature.com/gp/authors/res
earch-data-policy/ - £265 per dataset





Elsevier



Take a tour

 $Search\ for\ research\ data\ across\ domains\ and\ types, from\ many\ domain-specific,\ cross-domain\ and$

institutional data repositories.

Find research data

Or Try: chip-seq drosophila, late quaternary sediment core or q

Which repositories are indexed?

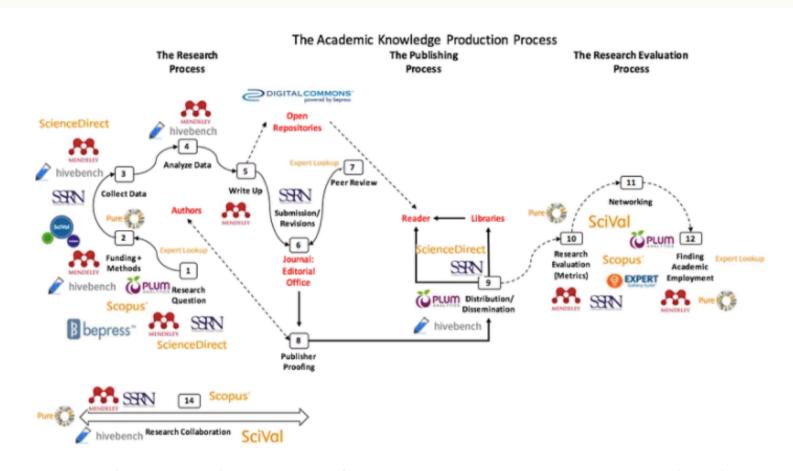
We have completely or partially indexed the following:

- Dryad
- EarthChem Portal from The Interdisciplinary Earth Data Alliance (IEDA):
 - Geochemistry of Rocks of the Oceans and Continents (GEOROC)
 - MetPetDB
 - The North American Volcanic and Intrusive Rock Database (NAVDAT)
 - PetDB
 - U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) Mineral Resources National Geochemical Database (MR NGDB)
- Harvard Dataverse
- The Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR)
- Mendeley Data
- NeuroElectro
- PANGAEA
- ThermoML Thermodynamic Research Center (TRC) at the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)
- · Metadata from:
 - o 4TU.Centre of Research Data
 - Apollo University of Cambridge
 - DataSpace Princeton University
 - DSpace University of Washington
 - LSHTM Data Compass London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine
 - Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF)
 - Smithsonian
 - Zenodo





We need to keep a grip on this situation



Vertical integration resulting from Elsevier's acquisitions, from Alejandro Posada and George Chen, (2017) Rent Seeking and Financialization strategies of the Academic Publishing Industry - Publishers are increasingly in control of scholarly infrastructure and why we should care- A Case Study of Elsevier

http://knowledgegap.org/index.php/sub-projects/rent-seeking-and-financialization-of-the-academic-publishing-industry/preliminary-findings/





Wolves and henhouses?



https://www.theguardian.com/science/political-science/2018/jun/29/elsevier-are-corrupting-open-

science-in-europe



Danny Kingsley @dannykay68 · Oct 3

OPPORTUNITY: to comment on the response by Directorate-General of Research and Innovation, Jean-Eric Paquet to a complaint regarding Elsevier and their role in the European Commission's Open Science Monitor. Can be annotated using Hypothes.is: <a href="documents-doc

https://docdrop.org/pdf/Annex-to-letterto-Jon-Tennant-1--BbPfR.pdf/



Woah! Let's take a step back for a sec





Robert K Merton, "The Normative Structure of Science", 1942 essay in The Sociology of Science edited by Norman W Storer, published 1973 http://www.collier.sts.vt.edu/5424/pdfs/merton_1973.pdf



We have to be above criticism

 "Incipient and actual attacks upon the integrity of science have led scientists to recognize their dependence on particular types of social structure. Manifestos and pronouncements by associations of scientists are devoted to the relations of science and society. An institution under attack must re-examine its foundations, restate its objectives, seek out its rationale. Crisis invites self-appraisal. Now that they have been confronted with challenges to their way of life, scientists have been jarred into a state of acute self-consciousness: consciousness of self as an integral element of society with corresponding obligations and interests."





During the Brexit discussion



https://www.ft.com/content/3be49734-29cb-11e6-83e4-abc22d5d108c





Who is the expert?

OP-ED CONTRIBUTORS

Scott Pruitt's Attack on Science Would Paralyze the E.P.A.

By Gina McCarthy and Janet G. McCabe

March 26, 2018



Scott Pruitt, administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, has announced that he will bar the use of some scientific studies. Tom Brenner/The New York Times

"Scott Pruitt, the administrator of the **Environmental Protection** Agency, has announced that he alone will decide what is and isn't acceptable science for the agency to use when developing policies that affect your health and the environment."

Mr Pruitt is a lawyer.

https://www.nytimes.com/2018/03/26/opinion/pruitt-attack-science-epa.html





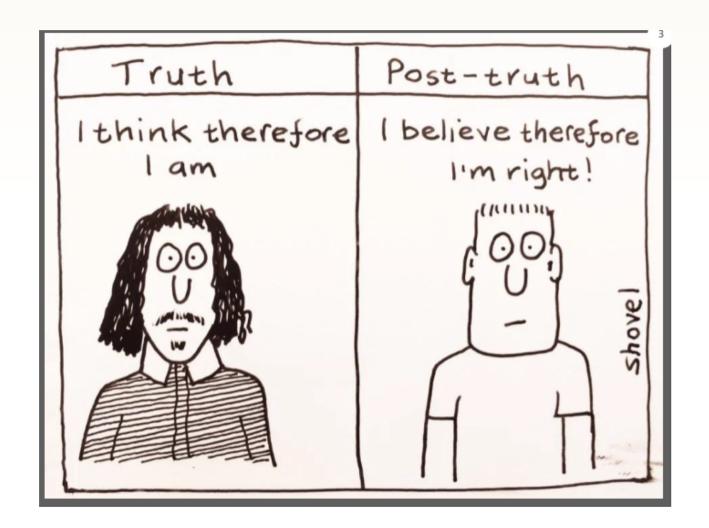
The credibility of science is under threat

- "Speaking as a scientist, cherrypicking evidence is unacceptable," Hawking said.
 "When public figures abuse scientific argument, citing some studies but suppressing others, to justify policies that they want to implement for other reasons, it debases scientific culture."
- https://www.theguardian.com/science/2018/mar/14/i-would-not-have-survived-nhs-enabled-stephen-hawking-to-live-long-life





This is our new reality



https://thenorwichradical.com/2017/01/12/post-truth-politics-and-the-war-on-intellect/





A new narrative



If studies cannot be replicated then this brings the whole credibility of the scientific endeavour into question.

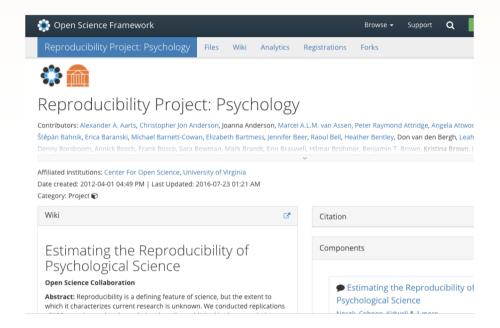




Reproducibility project

Conducted replications of 100 experimental and correlational studies published in three psychology journals using high-powered designs and original materials when available.

- Replication effects = half the magnitude of original effects (substantial decline)
- 97% of original studies had significant results
- 36% of replications had significant results



https://osf.io/ezcuj/





UK Government Science & Technology Committee

- UK Research Integrity Enquiry
 - "looks at trends and developments in fraud, misconduct and mistakes in research and the publication of research results."
 - Oral Evidence session 6March 2018

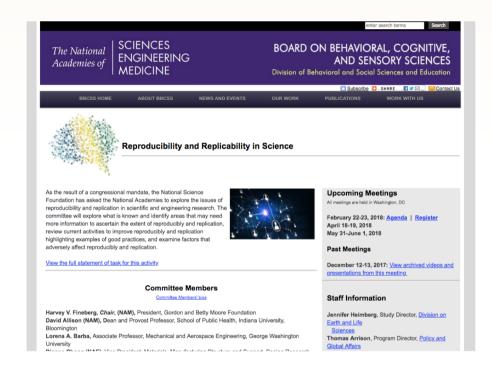


https://www.parliament.uk/business/committees/committees-a-z/commons-select/science-and-technology-committee/inquiries/parliament-2017/research-integrity-17-19/



Early days in US

- Committee on Reproducibility and Replicability in Science with the National Academies of Science
- First meeting Dec 2017
 meetings each second month.



http://sites.nationalacademies.org/dbasse/bbcss/reproducibility_and_replicability_in_science/index.htm









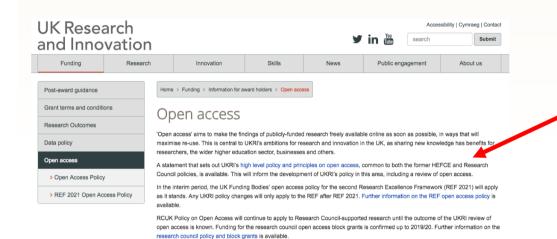
We are in a state of flux





Image: Flickr fotologic Don't Panic CC-BY

Policy reviews



https://www.ukri.org/funding/informationfor-award-holders/open-access/



Wellcome is going to review its open access policy



About us

We're going to do the first full review of our open access policy. Robert Kiley, Head of Open Research, explains the motivation behind the review, and how and when it will happen.

In 2005 – so before Twitter had even launched and Myspace was the main

https://wellcome.ac.uk/news/wellcome-going-review-its-open-access-policy





Fightback



The key principle is as follows:

"After 1 January 2020 scientific publications on the results from research funded by public grants provided by national and European research councils and funding bodies, must be published in compliant Open Access Journals or on compliant Open Access Platforms."

IN ADDITION:

- Authors retain copyright of their publication with no restrictions. All publications must be published under an open license, preferably the Creative Commons Attribution Licence CC BY. In all cases, the license applied should fulfil the requirements defined by the Berlin Declaration;
- The Funders will ensure jointly the establishment of robust criteria and requirements for the services that compliant high quality Open Access journals and Open Access platforms must provide:
- When Open Access publication fees are applied, their funding is standardised and capped (across Europe);
- The Funders will ask universities, research organisations, and libraries to align their policies and strategies, notably to ensure transparency;
- The above principles shall apply to all types of scholarly publications, but it is understood that the timeline to achieve Open Access for monographs and





Mixed response from researchers



https://forbetterscience.com/2018/09/11/response-to-plans-from-academic-researchers-unethical-too-risky/





Joint Statement on Open Access for Researchers via Plan S

<u>Plan S</u> calls for all scientific publications on the results of research funded by national and European research councils and funding bodies to be published in compliant <u>Open Access</u> journals or on compliant <u>Open Access</u> platforms by 01 January 2020. The plan was initiated by the Open Access Envoy of the European Commission and Science Europe and will be implemented by coAlition S. The coalition currently includes <u>11 national funders</u> and is supported by the European Commission and European Research Council. Plan S consists of <u>10 principles</u> to be enacted by coalition members. We, representatives of early-career and senior researchers in Europe, commend coAlition S for taking this bold and ambitious step towards Open Access and offer our support as well as comments on implementing Plan S.

http://eurodoc.net/joint-statement-plan-s.pdf





The challenges of implementing Open Science







1990 - Sound familiar?

The potential effects of this rapid global interactiveness on scholarly inquiry are, in my opinion, nothing short of revolutionary, but why has the revolution not begun ... ? There are obstacles:

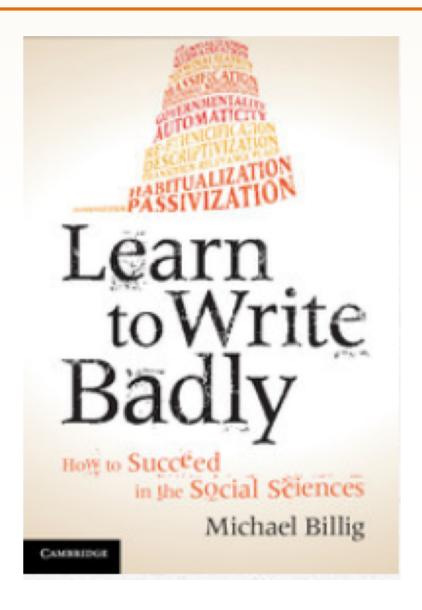
- (1) Old ways of thinking about scientific communication and publication ...
- (2) The computer is not yet quite friendly enough to have won over the majority of scholars; ...
- (3) the current intellectual level of discussion on electronic networks is anything but inspiring. And ... prima facie worries about:
- (4) Plagiarism
- (5) Copyright
- (6) academic credit and advancement
- (7) junk mail and
- (8) security.



Harnad, S. (1990) Scholarly Skywriting and the Prepublication Continuum of Scientific Inquiry. Psychological Science 1: 342 - 343
http://cogprints.org/1581/1/harnad90.skywriting.html



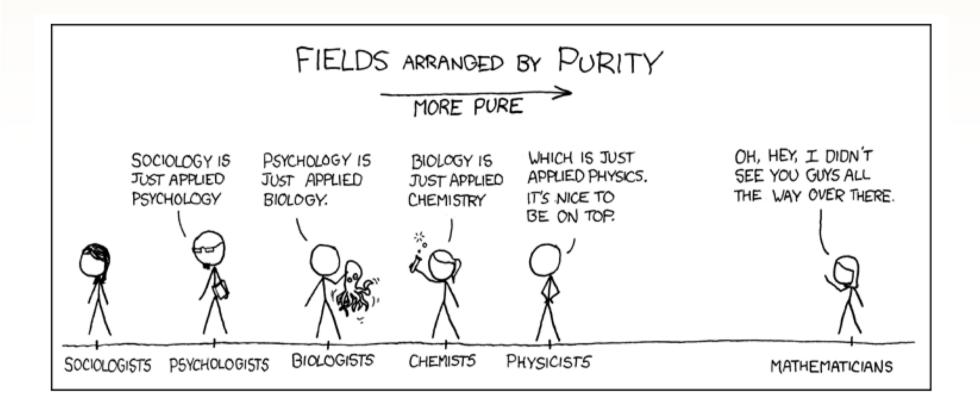
Challenge 1 - the language problem







Challenge 2 - disciplinary differences

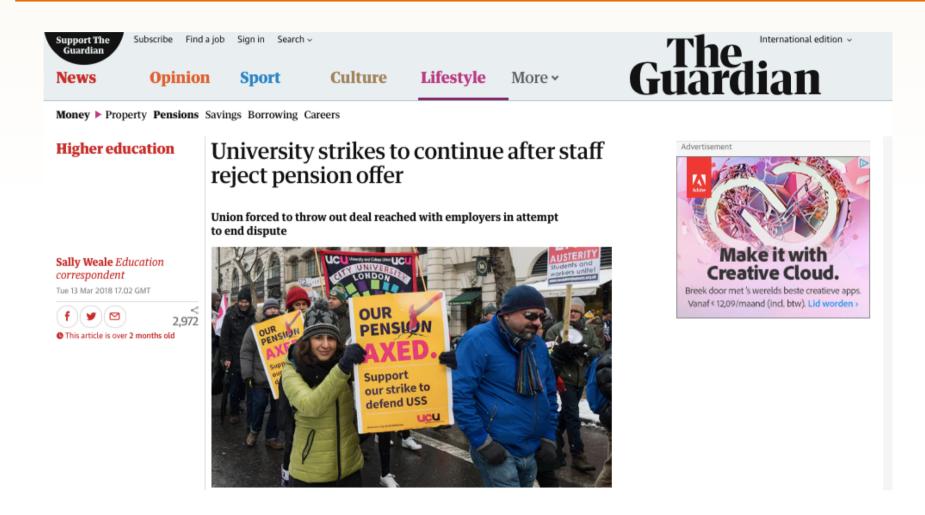


Comic by XKCD - https://xkcd.com/435/





Challenge 3 - broader issues



Research is changing and work conditions are changing. It might not be a good time.





Challenge 4 – need to incentivise



Image: Flickr <u>Jason Taellious</u> reward – CC-BY-SA 2.0





Lots of work to be done









Questions/Discussion

Thanks!

Dr Danny Kingsley

Head of Scholarly Communication

University of Cambridge

@dannykay68



