

**Table S3.** Effect of teenage parenthood on own income at age 30 years. Pelotas, Southern Brazil, 1982 to 2012

Age at birth of first child (years)	Own income		
	Crude	Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	Adjusted <sup>2</sup>
<b>Women</b>	<b>n=1367</b>	<b>n=792</b>	<b>n=448</b>
11 to 15	-0.56 (-0.80 to -0.33)	-0.37 (-0.69 to -0.04)	-0.23 (-0.55 to 0.09)
16 to 19	-0.48 (-0.59 to -0.38)	-0.24 (-0.38 to -0.10)	-0.10 (-0.25 to 0.05)
<i>p value</i>	<0.001	<0.001	0.21
<i>R</i> <sup>2</sup>	0.06	0.26	0.22
<b>Men</b>	<b>n=1592</b>	<b>n=984</b>	<b>n=499</b>
11 to 15	0.11 (-0.40 to 0.63)	0.41 (-0.17 to 0.99)	0.41 (-0.12 to 0.94)
16 to 19	-0.08 (-0.21 to 0.06)	0.06 (-0.10 to 0.23)	0.02 (-0.14 to 0.18)
<i>p value</i>	0.47	0.30	0.32
<i>R</i> <sup>2</sup>	0.00	0.18	0.17

\*Baseline: no child

1: adjusted for skin colour; family income in 1982; maternal schooling in 1982 and 1984; paternal schooling; asset index; maternal age; pre-pregnancy BMI; maternal smoking; gestational age; type of delivery; birthweight; breastfeeding and menarche (for women)

2: also adjusted for number of children