





# Tracing the history of child abuse in youth custody

Does the archive offer current practitioners anything, beyond useless wisdom after the fact?



Thousands of alleged victims

Police investigations

Independent Inquiry on Child Sexual Abuse (IICSA)

Commissioned by HM Prison & Probation Service (HMPPS)

Re: allegations of child abuse in youth custody

Main focus on c.1960-1990s

## Types of archival silence

'child abuse'

'child protection'

'safeguarding'

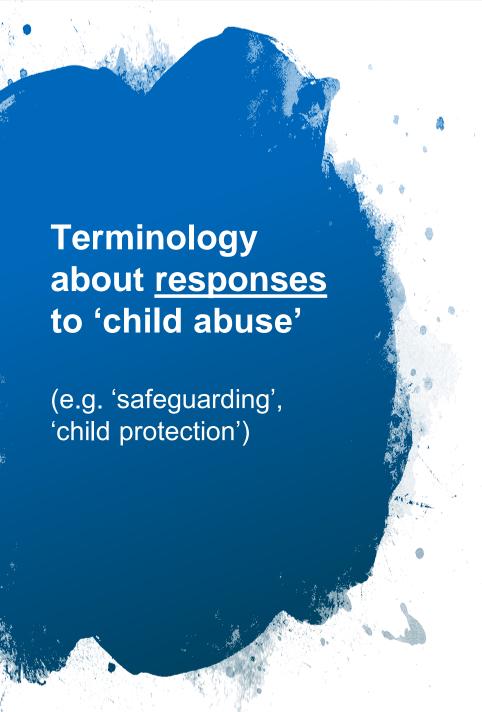
Terminological

Lost, missing or unavailable records



'the very idea of child abuse has been in constant flux the past thirty years [...] People do many of the same vile things to children, for sure, that they did a century ago. But we've been [...] changing the very definitions of abuse and revising our values and our moral codes accordingly.'

(Hacking 1991:253)



'because child sexual abuse
[before the 1980s] was many
things with different meanings
and consequences, it was almost
impossible to frame a coherent
policy towards it.'

(Smart 1999:393)

# 'Child abuse' terminology in the Prison Service



## An inherently risky environment

Vulnerable population

Lawful staff powers:

- Physical restraint
- · Forcible strip-searching
- Punishments e.g. isolation



#### No 'child protection' before c.2000

Undifferentiated – i.e. same measures in adult and youth prisons, e.g.

- complaints procedures
- policies re: use of force
- inspections
- · Boards of Visitors



#### Late introduction of 'safeguarding'

Duty to implement child protection policies

- 1989 Children Act
- Applied in YOIs only from 2002

General duty to 'safeguard welfare'

2004 Children Act

# Documents we reviewed

Secondary literature, e.g.

Child abuse literature

Abuse inquiries re: other settings

Academic histories of youth justice

Establishments of interest

Those with historic allegations (all male)

+ female borstals/ detention centres Policies/governance, e.g.

complaints

staff discipline

**Boards of Visitors** 

Child abuse: 'any action by another person – adult or child – that causes significant harm to a child'

(NSPCC n.d.)

## Types of archival silence

Terminological

Lost, missing or unavailable records

i.e. records were never created

Never deposited/ culled Deposited but missing (lost?)

Deposited but closed (data protection reasons)

98% of all Home Office records? (Rock 2017:20)

## Some inaccessible files...

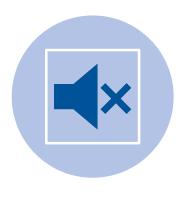
Number	Title	Status (as per TNA catalogue)	Outcome of FOI review request	Notes & subsequent actions
HO 391/250	Discipline at HM Borstal Feltham, Middlesex: meeting of Board of Visitors with senior staff and Prison Officers' Association	11	TNA catalogue states records with 'creating department or successor'	FOI requests made to MoJ and Home Office. Both say they do not have the files.
HO 391/259	[Medical] Examination of prisoners: policy	п	п	и
HO 391/262	Prisoners' correspondence: disclosure of information to police; review and drafting of prison rules	Closed and retained	п	п
HO 391/263	Disclosure of information: consideration given to approaching inmates for useful knowledge	п	п	п
HO 391/67	Complaint by inmate at HM Prison Styal, Wilmslow, Cheshire	п	TNA FOI team state records are with MoJ	п
HO 391/74	Arrangements for after-care following release: Children and Young Person's Act 1969	п	TNA catalogue states records with 'creating department or successor'	п
HO 391/83	Inquiry: allegations of ill treatment at New Hall Detention Centre, Wakefield, West Yorkshire by two former inmates, made to BBC Radio Teesside; Board of Visitors concluded that complaints not justifiable	Closed and FOI request refused	Refused - exempt under s.40 DPA 1998	



'[some silences are] not a silence at all, but the result of projecting the existence of evidence into a space where none exists.'

(Thomas et al. 2017:153)









asking what archival silences mean

using hindsight to expose risk-blindness

using non-archival sources against archival records



'[strip-searching is] one of a range of [custodial] practices which would, in any other circumstances, trigger a child protection investigation and could even result in criminal charges.'

(Carlile 2006:9)



## 1. Asking what silences mean

nas arrived from
Ae stands in the recepproximately to attention.
Ition officer checks the details
sentence, then lists his possesa comb, some loose change, a
adkerchief, photos of his girl friend
and mother, all go into the basket not
to be seen again for six months, five
with full remission

"Now your clothes lad." The last traces of civilian identity are peeled off. "Legs apart lad to be searched." The last traces of civilian dignity go too and the pain far deeper dan ph. acal hurt begins. The boy stares ahead dumbly, trying perhaps not to cry. "We have to search there, it's prison regulations. Last week a lad had some pound notes on a string. It could have been drugs." He is given trousers to try for size and some unevenly matched socks. Mute and numbed he fumbles with the unfamiliar straps and outtonholes. "Into the bathroom lad. ash all over, including your hair." clippers and scissors are got out ipped in anticipation of the feast

n centres. That, to my mind, will defeat of Justice Parker

et aussice parser

et beyond these four walls. I remember

the one lad telling me he was going over

me the wire, where, when and how, every

detail. I tried to dissuade him, but I

et told no one che. Next day he wan

d over just as he said, and I hadn't

m betrayed him. That's important."

It is nearly never and long since.

It is nearly never has arrived from the Cold Bailey. He stands in the reception office approximately to attention, at the reception officer checks the detail, at this sentence, then lists his possessissions: a comb, some loose change, a bandlecrucking photos of his guilt friend and mother, all go into the basher now to be seen again for tis months, five to be seen again for tis months, five

Now your clother lad. The lan traces of civilian identity are peeled off. Tegs, apart lad to be searched. The last traces of civilian dignity go no and the paint for deep clother last traces of civilian dignity go no and the paint for deep clother last traces of civilian dignity go no and the paint for deep clother last traces of civilian dignity go no and the paint for deep clother last traces of the last tr

ahead.

Down at the Warden's office a group of officers are discussing easy topics in preparation for Principal Officer exam. "Are we custodism or tocial workers?" and "Is our aim determent of the property of the property

certain conclusions.

7.55 p.m. Suppertime is the old
routine followed by "indoor recreation" from 8.15 to 8.45. There are two
darthoards and three table tennis
tables, but few lads seem in the mood
for parlour games.

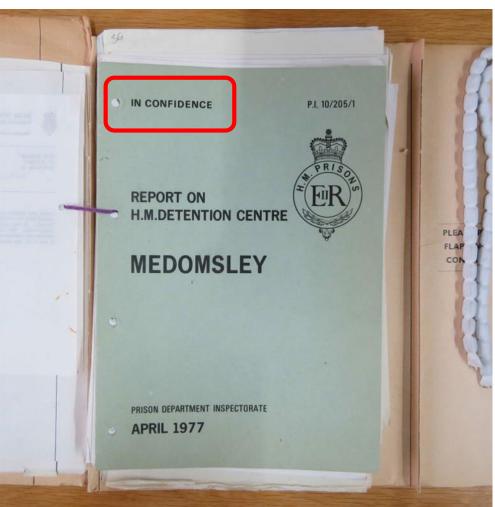
8.45 p.m. To dormitories for positively the final change of the day. 8.55 p.m. Roll check; 94 lads present and accounted for.

9.30 p.m. Lights out.

The Warden walks home through the darkness. "I can't claim to know all the answers, not even some of them. Heavens, I wish someone would till the claim of the county of the claim. What causes delin-quency? What claim is 'I all to complex for simple obtains. All I know for sure is that half the lids who come here new get in trouble again, and as for the other, all, well, we've offered them a chance is take stock and they leave here tronger and healther than they've even

at the Warden's office and mod. I bey been before the tronger and beathfire than they've ever the transfer of the commence reading." I trust me because they know it won't go a bad thing, can it?"



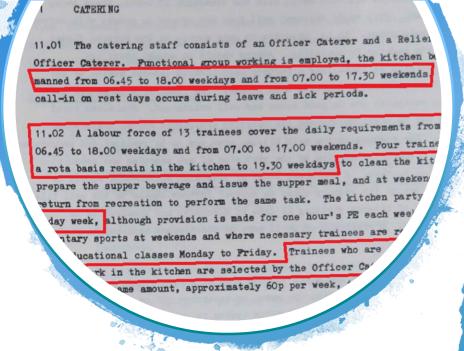


#### 2. Using hindsight to expose risk-blindness

(TNA, HO 383/329)

O1.01 Medomsley initially presents itself as it originally was, a gaunt nineteenth century orphanage now encased within a 17 ft fence, standing some 800 ft above sea level on the outskirts of a former colliery village. The re-landscaped surrounding countryside is not all that unattractive and looking westwards there is a fine panoramic view of rolling country, but the inevitable winds blowing from either the Pennines or the North Sea are a stark reminder of the Dickensian situation.

01.02 The detention centre has never hit the headlines and within the Prison Department has apparently been accepted as a place where nothing of any import ever occurs and one which is unlikely to cause any problems.



# 2. Using hindsight to expose risk-blindness





oth detention centre sexually assaulted hundreds of

Fea

Spair right © 4 ho Cross disch



## 3. Using unofficial records

(Ericson 1975: 96)

This is what the officer quoted carrier was referring to in describing divs as 'cry babies who never show anything': they put on an inadequate social performance and then appeal for protection by 'crying' to their official superiors. For Blake, this was summarised in a discharge report written by a senior officer.

This blubbering giant needed an above average amount of staff support at first. . . . He must be made to face up to reality and be less of a cry baby. . . . A poor prospect indeed.

To be weak-willed, like being strong-willed, is to be cast in a negative light by officers as well as inmates.

For those inmates who are neither at the top nor at the bottom, the overall effect of officers' actions is to maintain the childlike identity



- 7) Are there, historically and in the present day, gaps between policy and implementation with regards to safeguarding children against CSA? [...]
  - a. Is CSA in the secure estate a systemic issue, or just 'a few bad apples'?







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  - a. Is CSA in the secure estate a systemic issue, or just 'a few bad apples'?



'pits conventional forms of knowledge about the past [...] against the claims of groups who have typically been disenfranchised by dominant regimes of truth'

(Burton 2006:2)

# References (and project publications...)

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#### **Publications**

#### Full project report

Jarman, Ben, Lucy Delap, Louise Jackson, Caroline Lanskey, Hannah Marshall, and Loraine Gelsthorpe. 2018. 'Safeguarding Children in the Secure Estate, 1960-2016'. Apollo - University of Cambridge Repository. DOI: 10/c4kh.

#### **Brief summary of report**

Jarman, Ben. 2018. 'Scandal and Reform, 1960-2016: Can Better Policies Guarantee Child Welfare in Secure Custody?' History & Policy. Retrieved 18 October 2018 (http://bit.ly/2Vyx0jO).

#### Peer-reviewed article based on report

Jarman, Ben, and Caroline
Lanskey. 2019. "A Poor
Prospect Indeed": The State's
Disavowal of Child Abuse
Victims in Youth Custody, 1960–
1990'. Societies 9 (2): 27. DOI:
10/gf2m87.