

# Supporting Information: Predicted climate change will increase the truffle cultivation potential in central Europe

Tomáš Čejka, Miroslav Trnka, Paul J. Krusic, Ulrich Stobbe, Daniel Oliach, Tomáš Václavík, Willy Tegel, and Ulf Büntgen

**Supplementary Table S1.** The pH parameters of the major soil units (agricultural land) and forest typological units (non-agricultural). All pH values that are located within the unit of interest are used to calculate its average pH, standard deviation, and median.

Major Soil Unit	Average pH	Standard Deviation	Median pH
1	7.22	0.39	7.40
2	6.83	0.43	6.80
3	7.02	0.45	7.20
4	7.00	0.46	7.10
5	7.08	0.44	7.20
6	7.16	0.42	7.30
7	7.20	0.40	7.40
8	7.25	0.42	7.40
9	6.71	0.41	6.70
10	6.83	0.44	6.80
11	6.60	0.40	6.50
12	6.67	0.43	6.60
13	6.77	0.46	6.70
14	6.58	0.38	6.50
15	6.50	0.37	6.40
16	6.81	0.43	6.80
17	6.89	0.42	7.00
18	6.82	0.45	6.80
19	7.18	0.41	7.30
20	7.04	0.44	7.20
21	6.91	0.45	7.00
22	6.88	0.48	6.90
23	6.85	0.45	6.90
24	6.81	0.45	6.80
25	6.52	0.38	6.40
26	6.51	0.37	6.40
27	6.62	0.44	6.50
28	6.71	0.46	6.60
29	6.46	0.36	6.40
30	6.67	0.44	6.60
31	6.77	0.46	6.70
32	6.47	0.36	6.40
33	6.75	0.43	6.70
34	6.36	0.27	6.30

35	6.40	0.30	6.30
36	6.42	0.33	6.30
37	6.61	0.45	6.50
38	6.57	0.40	6.50
39	6.78	0.45	6.70
40	6.92	0.55	7.00
41	7.18	0.49	7.40
42	6.58	0.38	6.50
43	6.50	0.34	6.40
44	6.48	0.33	6.40
45	6.51	0.35	6.40
46	6.47	0.34	6.40
47	6.46	0.34	6.40
48	6.47	0.34	6.40
49	6.67	0.42	6.60
50	6.42	0.31	6.30
51	6.63	0.40	6.60
52	6.49	0.33	6.40
53	6.53	0.37	6.40
54	6.81	0.47	6.80
55	6.97	0.46	7.10
56	6.90	0.45	7.00
57	6.97	0.44	7.10
58	6.79	0.46	6.80
59	6.83	0.46	6.80
60	7.17	0.43	7.30
61	7.14	0.41	7.30
62	7.07	0.45	7.20
63	7.00	0.44	7.10
64	6.52	0.38	6.40
65	6.82	0.50	6.80
66	6.68	0.44	6.50
67	6.46	0.34	6.40
68	6.53	0.40	6.40
69	6.49	0.43	6.30
70	6.81	0.45	6.80
71	6.45	0.35	6.30
72	6.67	0.50	6.55
73	6.48	0.31	6.40
74	6.50	0.27	6.40
75	6.69	0.54	6.70
76	6.55	0.35	6.55
77	6.93	0.60	7.00
78	no data	no data	no data
79	forest area	forest area	forest area
Forest Typological Unit	Average pH	Standard Deviation	Median pH
0C	6.60	0.77	6.40
1C	6.00	only one value	6.00

1D	6.12	0.32	6.12
1H	7.36	0.85	7.50
1L	6.16	0.80	6.19
1S	6.08	0.58	6.00
1V	7.11	only one value	7.11
1W	6.82	0.61	6.70
1X	5.10	only one value	5.10
1Z	6.30	only one value	6.30
2A	6.88	0.51	6.70
2B	6.56	0.54	6.50
2C	6.20	0.29	6.20
2D	5.51	only one value	5.51
2H	6.14	0.87	6.05
2I	5.99	0.52	6.01
2K	6.20	only one value	6.20
2L	7.74	0.37	7.74
2S	6.54	0.64	6.50
2W	6.56	0.39	6.40
3A	5.83	only one value	5.83
3B	6.16	0.21	6.10
3D	5.86	0.36	6.00
3H	6.41	0.46	6.40
3J	5.17	only one value	5.17
3K	6.32	0.29	6.30
3O	6.18	0.22	6.10
3S	6.67	0.84	6.60
3U	6.65	1.89	6.65
3V	5.30	only one value	5.30
4B	6.23	0.62	6.10
4D	6.10	0.14	6.10
4O	6.00	only one value	6.00
4S	6.40	only one value	6.40
4W	7.35	0.48	7.50
5B	5.27	only one value	5.27
5D	5.28	only one value	5.28
5K	6.20	only one value	6.20
6A	6.20	only one value	6.20
6K	6.09	0.56	6.25
6P	6.70	only one value	6.70
6S	6.27	0.31	6.20
7K	6.67	0.67	6.50
7S	6.45	0.21	6.45
8T	6.30	only one value	6.30

**Supplementary Table S2.** The review of the ecological requirements of Burgundy and Périgord truffle based on data from the international (English/Spanish/French/Italian) peer reviewed journal papers, reports and one monography (since 1981). When appended by an asterisk, the climate data are extrapolated from the CRU TS database (ver. 4.03,  $0.5 \times 0.5^\circ$ , 1981–2010)<sup>58</sup> using the coordinates/location (where available, as some locations are kept in secrecy). If the original research provides only the data range and/or several sites, we included the average to simplify the inputs. The host tree species is presented only if the species is currently growing in the Czech Republic.

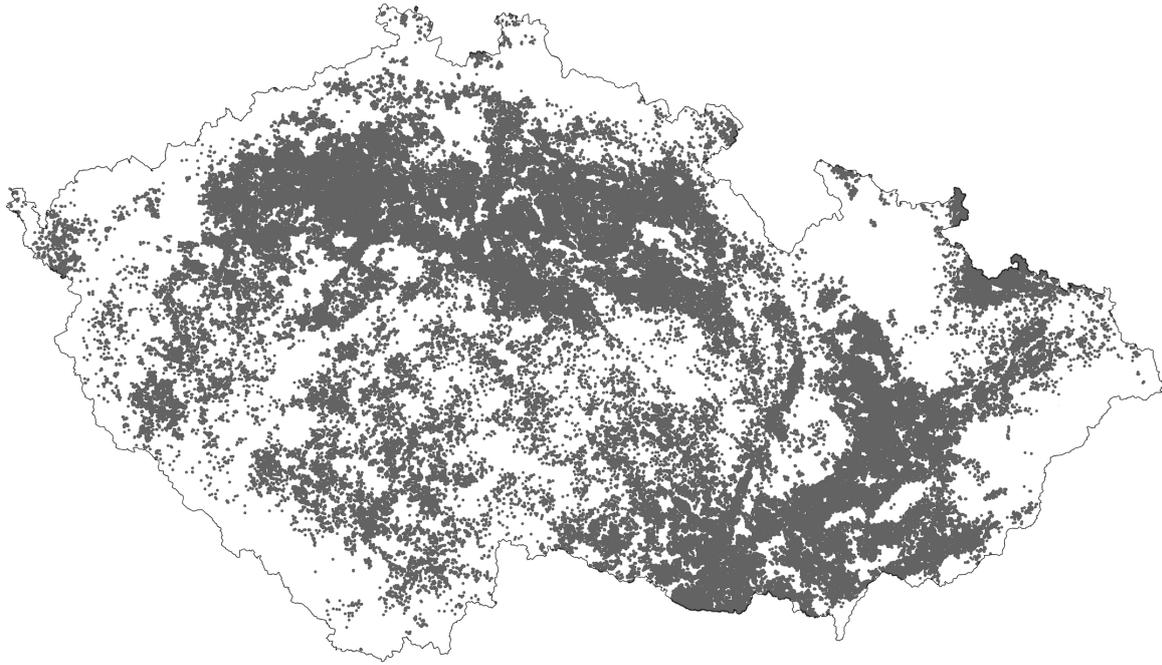
Burgundy truffle ( <i>Tuber aestivum</i> )										
Country	Annual Temperature (°C)	July Temperature (°C)	January Temperature (°C)	Annual Precipitation (mm)	Summer Precipitation (mm)	Average pH	Elevation (m)	Host Trees	Short Description	Reference Number
Hungary	10.20	21.50*	0.90*	570	185*	7.55	90	<i>Q. cerris</i> , <i>Q. robur</i>	Burgundy truffle plantation near Jászivány village (47.5°N, 20.2°E).	1
Greece				–			300	<i>Q. pubescens</i>	Naturally occurring Burgundy truffles in northern Greece (150–450 m a.s.l.). Exact locations are not specified.	2
Hungary	10.50	21.30*	1.00*	555	182*	7.55	150	<i>Q. cerris</i> , <i>Q. robur</i>	Three Burgundy truffle plantations and 20 natural habitats in Jászszág region (47.5°N, 19.92°E).	3
Poland	8.00		–	600	–	7.27	230	<i>C. betulus</i> , <i>C. avellana</i> , <i>F. sylvatica</i> , <i>Q. robur</i> , <i>T. cordata</i>	Five Burgundy truffle natural habitats in Central Poland, not further specified.	4
Poland	8.00	18.80*	-3.00*	550	202*	7.60	200	<i>C. avellana</i> , <i>Q. robur</i>	One Burgundy truffle plantation in eastern Poland (51.15°N, 23.48°E).	5
Poland	8.00	19.10*	-2.10*	600	262*	7.14	280	<i>C. avellana</i> , <i>F. sylvatica</i> , <i>P. nigra</i> , <i>Q. robur</i> , <i>T. cordata</i>	Four Burgundy truffle natural habitats (50.27°N, 20.34°E).	6
France	10.33	18.70	2.70	884	–	7.6	880	<i>Coryllus</i> , <i>Quercus</i> , <i>Tilia</i> spp.	A 25 samples, not further specified.	7
Morocco	15.10*	25.80*	8.00*	434*	21*	7.50	1,350	–	Five Burgundy truffle natural habitats Central Middle Atlas (33.56°N, 4.76°W).	8
Poland	9.10*	18.40*	-1.80*	616*	237*	–	230	<i>F. sylvatica</i> , <i>Q. petraea</i> , <i>Q. robur</i>	Five Burgundy truffle natural habitats in Łódź region (50.76°N, 19.41°E).	9
Italy	12.75		–	874	–	7.75	675	<i>Q. petraea</i>	Average of two Burgundy truffle locations in Teramo and Piacenza. Study is based on soil (brûlés) samples.	10(a)
Spain	9.70		–	797	–	7.75	1,000	–	Soil (brûlés) samples from Guadalajara region.	10(b)
France	10.40*	19.00*	1.80*	732	211*	7.90	335	<i>C. avellana</i>	One Burgundy truffle plantation near Daix (47.35°N, 4.50°E).	11
Switzerland, Germany	6.80			–		7.07	532	<i>C. betulus</i> , <i>F. sylvatica</i> , <i>O. carpinifolia</i>	Sixteen truffle locations in Switzerland and Germany.	12
Italy	10.60	21.00*	1.90*	810	211*	8.06	721	<i>Q. pubescens</i>	Nine Burgundy truffle locations in Ponte dell'Oglio region (44.87°N, 9.64°E). Study is based on soil (brûlés) samples.	13
Romania			–			7.11	717	<i>Quercus</i> spp.	Review of soil parameters and distribution modelling of Burgundy truffles in Subcarpathian Hills.	14

Italy	9.50	19.40*	1.70*	950	162*	7.85	1,000	<i>Q. cerris, Q. pubescens, P. nigra</i>	One Burgundy truffle plantation near Chiusi della Verna (43.70°N, 11.94°E).	15
Germany	8.67	10.50	7.10	880	–	–	541	<i>C. betulus, F. sylvatica, P. abies, Q. robur, Tilia spp.</i>	A 116 truffle locations in southern Germany.	16
–	9.03	19.36	1.33	755	–	7.41	470	<i>C. betulus, C. avellana, F. sylvatica, Q. cerris, Q. petraea, Q. robur</i>	Review on ecological factors of truffles.	17
Germany	6.45	15.40	-2.15	873	–	7.62	716	<i>F. sylvatica, P. abies, Q. robur</i>	Two Burgundy truffle locations in southwestern Germany.	18
Sweden	6.84	16.30	-1.80	528	183*	7.47	41	<i>C. avellana, Q. robur</i>	Eighteen Burgundy truffle locations on Gotland (57.50°N, 18.50°E).	19
Sweden	6.84	16.30	-1.80	528	183*	7.57	41	<i>C. betulus, C. avellana, Q. robur</i>	Twenty-four Burgundy truffle plantations on Gotland (57.50°N, 18.50°E).	20
France	10.50*	19.00*	1.80*	940	224*	–	360	<i>C. avellana</i>	Burgundy truffle location near Rollainville (48.36°N, 5.74°E). The results are provided by Christopher Robin – the main author of the chapter on Burgundy truffle in Zambonelli et al. (2016). Other localities mentioned in the publication were not published and are therefore not included here.	21
Turkey	12.80*	26.40	6.70	568	51*	7.50	1,200	<i>P. nigra</i>	Burgundy truffle sites in Denizli, Turkey.	22
Sicily (Italy)	16.71*	24.86*	9.89*	554*	28*	–	830	–	Distribution of Burgundy truffle in Sicily.	23, 24
Spain	10.80	20.62	3.09	650	70	–	1,225	<i>P. sylvestris, P. nigra</i>	A total of 145 Burgundy truffle brûlés in central Spain.	25
Italy	11.6*	21.20*	3.40*	777*	128*	–	900	<i>Q. cerris</i>	Six fruiting bodies of Burgundy truffle in Molise region, southern Italy.	26
Italy	12.7*	22.30*	4.5*	799*	140*	–	350	<i>Q. pubescens, C. avellana, O. carpiniifolia</i>	Burgundy truffle orchard in Spoleto, central Italy.	27
Average	10.0768000	19.7733333	2.0552381	701.0000000	157.6470588	7.5405263	569.0370370	<i>C. betulus, C. avellana, F. sylvatica, O. carpiniifolia, P. abies, P. nigra, Q. cerris, Q. petraea, Q. pubescens, Q. robur, T. cordata, P. sylvestris</i>		
Standard Deviation	2.5029706	3.5000317	3.5278992	150.8959354	71.7929549	0.2577938	375.4031395			
<b>Périgord truffle (<i>Tuber melanosporum</i>)</b>										
Italy			–			7.70		–	Comparison of ecological requirements between Périgord and White truffle in Central Italy.	28
Italy			–			8.00		–	Study of Périgord truffle soils and flora in Central Italy.	29
France	14.00	23.50				–			Effect of subsoil structural characteristics on production of Périgord truffle.	30
France			–			8.08		–	Application of PCA on the Périgord truffle soil characteristics.	31
France			–			7.75		–	Study of mycorrhization of Périgord truffle based on physical-chemical soil characteristics.	32
France			–			7.75		–	Soil mechanics and mycorrhizae development of Périgord truffle.	33
Spain			–			7.64		–	Analysis of the productivity and ecological characterization of <i>Quercus faginea</i> Lam. as a host tree of Périgord truffle.	34
Spain	9.70	18.30	1.40			–			Relationship between climate and productivity of Périgord truffle in Alto Tajo (Guadalajara y Cuenca).	35

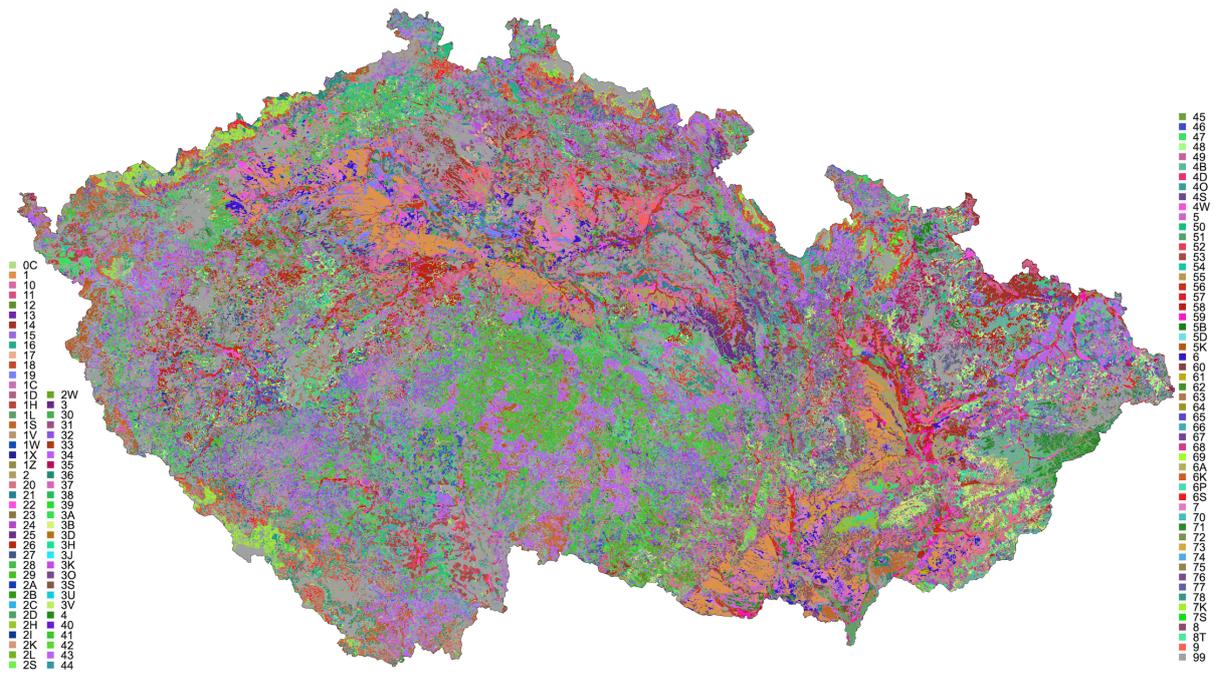
Spain	9.70	19.81*	2.25*	797	99*	7.89	1,250	–	Twenty soil sites (brûlés) of Périgord truffle in Guadalajara region (40.60°N, 1.90°W).	36	
Spain	11.00	20.23*	2.14*	500	102*	8.29	971	–	Three Périgord truffle plantations near Sarrion, Teruel (40.15°N, 0.84°W).	37	
New Zealand	–			1,086	–	7.90	–		Potential of Périgord truffle on acidic and amended soils in New Zealand.	38	
Spain	11.00	–		550	41	–			Overview of the Périgord truffle research.	39	
France, Spain	–					7.73	–		Four clusters of truffle natural habitats and plantations.	40	
France	9.50	18.99*	1.71*	941	224*	7.97	360	<i>C. avellana</i>	Analysis of the carbon transfer to Périgord truffles in plantations in western Vosges (48.31°N, 5.74°E).	41	
Italy	11.30	22.33*	4.47*	983	141*	7.85	740	<i>Q. pubescens</i>	One truffle plantation in Central Apennines (42.98°N, 12.87°E).	42	
France	13.45*	21.91*	5.67*	720*	149*	8.00	150	<i>Q. pubescens</i>	Soil samples (brûlés) in nine Périgord truffle plantations near Cahors.	43	
Spain	12.20	18.76*	2.90*	744	161*	8.28	625	–	Four Périgord truffle plantations in Tierra Estella.	44(a)	
Spain	12.20	18.76*	2.90*	744	161*	8.40	680	–	One natural Périgord truffle habitat in Tierra Estella.	44(b)	
Spain	12.40	20.39*	4.29*	773	151*	8.10	580	<i>C. avellana</i>	Three Périgord truffle plantations in Valdorba.	44(c)	
France	–					7.90	–		Interaction between pH and Périgord truffle mycelium.	45	
Italy	–					7.90	–		Overview on Périgord truffle soils in Rieti province.	46	
Italy	–					7.95	–		Overview on soils of naturally occurring Périgord truffles, central Apennines.	47	
Spain	11.70	20.30	5.25	664	128	–			Review of the truffle cultivation in Spain.	48	
–	–	19.25	4.50	1,050	–					Monography about the trufficulture.	49
Spain	14.54*	24.51*	5.83*	750	88*	8.50	–		Distribution map of Périgord truffle in Zaragoza province employing several climatic variables.	50	
France	11.13*	19.51*	3.28*	671*	170*	7.75	200	–	One plantation of Périgord truffles near Rognes in Provence (48.83°N, 3.58°E).	51	
France	–					8.12	–		Monography about trufficulture.	52	
–	12.90	20.60	5.80	777	193	–			Review of the climatic parameters of Périgord truffle.	53	
France	12.55*	21.41*	4.78*	807*	150*	8.5	–		Eight truffle sites/markets in France. Published also in chapter by Francois Le Tacon in Zambonelli et al. (2016)	54, 55	
Spain	11.10	20.50	3.50	646	63	–			Agroclimatic zoning of the truffle wild stands based on >100 sites.	56	
–								<i>C. betulus, P. nigra, T. cordata</i>	Review of host tree species; chapter by Milan Gryn timer in Zambonelli et al. (2016)	57	
Average	11.7964706	20.5329412	3.7918750	776.6470588	134.7333333	7.9978261	617.3333333	<i>C. avellana, Q. pubescens, C. betulus, P. nigra, T. cordata</i>			
Standard Deviation	1.4164659	1.6725421	1.4388633	156.4751216	47.0722376	0.2468225	334.0928015				

**Supplementary Table S3.** Environmental requirements (parameters) of Burgundy truffle and Périgord truffle that are used to compute the potentially suitable area. The weight of each requirement is based on the rank sum method<sup>59</sup>, following the expert judgment of literature evidence. pH = H<sub>2</sub>O-detected pH level, MAT = Mean annual temperature (°C), TSP = Total summer precipitation (mm), TAP = Total annual precipitation (mm), MJUT = Mean July temperature (°C), MJAT = Mean January temperature (°C), E = elevation (m).

Parameter	Rank (Importance)	Weighted Score	Truffle Species	Suitability Classes of Ecological Ranges (% Probability)				
				5 (100–81)	4 (80–61)	3 (60–41)	2 (40–21)	1 (20–0.5)
pH (H <sub>2</sub> O)	1	0.1842	Burgundy	>7.39	7.39–7.30	7.29–7.20	7.19–7.10	7.09–7.00
			Périgord					
MAT	2	0.1579	Burgundy	9.45–10.71	9.44–8.77	8.76–7.98	7.97–6.88	6.87–3.64
			Périgord		10.72–11.39	11.43–11.05	11.04–10.60	12.19–13.28
TAP	2	0.1579	Burgundy	664–739	663–623	622–575	574–509	508–313
			Périgord		740–780	781–828	829–894	895–1,090
MJAT	3	0.1316	Burgundy	1.17–2.95	1.16–0.22	0.21– -0.90	-0.91– -2.46	-2.47– -7.02
			Périgord		2.96–3.91	3.92–5.02	5.03–6.58	6.59–11.14
MJUT	3	0.1316	Burgundy	18.90–20.66	18.89–17.95	17.94–16.84	16.83–15.30	15.29–10.77
			Périgord		20.67–21.61	21.62–22.72	22.73–24.26	24.27–28.79
TSP	3	0.1316	Burgundy	140–176	139–121	120–98	97–67	66– -26
			Périgord		177–195	196–218	219–250	251–343
E	4	0.1053	Burgundy	475–664	474–373	372–254	253–89	88– -397
			Périgord		665–766	767–885	886–1,050	1,051–1,536
			Burgundy	534–702	533–443	442–337	336–190	189– -242
			Périgord		703–793	794–899	900–1,045	1,046–1,478



**Supplementary Figure 1.** Distribution of the original pH dataset containing more than 150,000 field measurements (grey points). Data coverage corresponds to 0.48 pH field measurements per one 500m cell. The map was created using ArcGIS Pro v. 2.3.0 [60] (<https://www.esri.com/en-us/arcgis/products/arcgis-pro/overview>).



**Supplementary Figure 2.** Distribution of typological soil units in Czech Republic. The map was created using ArcGIS Pro v. 2.3.0 [60] (<https://www.esri.com/en-us/arcgis/products/arcgis-pro/overview>).

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